

## Probit Regression: nagdmc\_probit\_reg

### Purpose

**nagdmc\_probit\_reg** computes a probit regression model with  $p$  parameters and is a simplified interface to **nagdmc\_binomial\_reg** using a probit link function.

### Declaration

```
#include <nagdmc.h>

void nagdmc_probit_reg(long rec1, long nvar, long nrec, long dblk, double data[],
                      long nxvar, long xvar[], long yvar, double ycut, long bdvar,
                      double *dev, long *df, double b[], double se[], double cov[],
                      double model[], int *info);
```

### Parameters

- 1: **rec1** – long *Input*  
*On entry:* the index in the data of the first data record used in the analysis.  
*Constraint:* **rec1**  $\geq 0$ .
- 2: **nvar** – long *Input*  
*On entry:* the number of variables in the data.  
*Constraint:* **nvar**  $> 1$ .
- 3: **nrec** – long *Input*  
*On entry:* the number of consecutive records, beginning at **rec1**, used in the analysis.  
*Constraint:* **nrec**  $> 1$ .
- 4: **dblk** – long *Input*  
*On entry:* the total number of records in the data block.  
*Constraint:* **dblk**  $\geq \text{rec1} + \text{nrec}$ .
- 5: **data**[**dblk** \* **nvar**] – double *Input*  
*On entry:* the data values for the  $j$ th variable (for  $j = 0, 1, \dots, \text{nvar}-1$ ) are stored in **data**[ $i*\text{nvar}+j$ ], for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, \text{dblk} - 1$ .
- 6: **nxvar** – long *Input*  
*On entry:* the number of independent variables. If **nxvar** = 0 then all variables in the data, excluding **yvar** and, if  $\geq 0$ , **bdvar**, are treated as independent variables.  
*Constraint:*  $0 \leq \text{nxvar} < \text{nvar}$ .
- 7: **xvar**[**nxvar**] – long *Input*  
*On entry:* the indices indicating the position in **data** in which values of the independent variables are stored. If **nxvar** = 0 then **xvar** must be 0, and the indices of independent variables are given by  $j = 0, 1, \dots, \text{nvar} - 1$ ;  $j \neq \text{yvar}$  and  $j \neq \text{bdvar}$ .  
*Constraints:* if **nxvar**  $> 0$ ,  $0 \leq \text{xvar}[i] < \text{nvar}$ , for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, \text{nxvar} - 1$ ; otherwise **xvar** must be 0.
- 8: **yvar** – long *Input*  
*On entry:* the index in **data** in which values of the dependent variable are stored.  
*Constraints:*  $0 \leq \text{yvar} < \text{nvar}$ ; if **nxvar**  $> 0$ , **yvar**  $\neq \text{xvar}[i]$ , for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, \text{nxvar} - 1$ .
- 9: **ycut** – long *Input*  
*On entry:* if **ycut**  $\neq 0$ , the  $y$ -variable is transformed so that values  $< \text{ycut}$  are set to zero and values  $\geq \text{ycut}$  are set to one.

- 10: **bdvar** – long *Input*  
*On entry:* an index indicating the position in **data** in which the binomial denominator is stored. If **bdvar** = –1 a default value of one is used for all observations.  
*Constraint:*  $-1 \leq \mathbf{bdvar} < \mathbf{nvar}$ .
- 11: **dev** – double *Output*  
*On exit:* the deviance from the fitted model.
- 12: **df** – long \* *Output*  
*On exit:* the degrees of freedom for the deviance.
- 13: **b[p]** – double *Output*  
*On exit:* the parameter estimates. **b**[0] is the mean parameter. **b**[*i*] is the coefficient of the *i*th variable included in the model, for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, p - 1$ . If **nxvar** > 0 then the order the independent variables are added to the model is defined by **xvar**, otherwise the order is defined by indices in the data.
- 14: **se[p]** – double *Output*  
*On exit:* the standard errors of the parameters in **b**.
- 15: **cov**[ $p * (p + 1) / 2$ ] – double *Output*  
*On exit:* the first  $p * (p + 1) / 2$  elements of **cov** contain the upper triangular part of the variance-covariance matrix of the *p* parameters in **b**. They are stored packed by column, i.e., the covariance between the parameter estimate given in **b**[*i*] and the parameter estimate given in **b**[*j*],  $j \geq i$ , is stored in **cov**[ $j(j + 1) / 2 + i$ ], for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, p - 1$  and  $j = i, i + 1, \dots, p - 1$ .
- 16: **model**[( $3 * p * (p + 1) / 2 + \mathbf{nvar} + 14$ )] – double *Output*  
*On exit:* if not 0, information on the fitted model for use in the functions described in ‘[See Also](#)’.
- 17: **info** – int \* *Output*  
*On exit:* **info** gives information on the success of the function call:
- 4: a model value has reached a boundary.
  - 0: the function successfully completed its task.
  - i*;  $i = 1, 2, \dots, 10$ : the specification of the *i*th formal parameter was incorrect.
  - 42: invalid value for response variable.
  - 43: invalid value for binomial denominator.
  - 45: model has not converged.
  - 57: there are no degrees of freedom for the error estimates.
  - 58: the fit is exact, no error estimates.
  - 59: more variables than observations.
  - 98: there is an underlying computational problem (this is an unlikely error exit).
  - 99: the function failed to allocate enough memory.

## Notation

<b>nrec</b>	the number of observations, <i>n</i> .
<b>nxvar</b>	the number of independent variables, $p - 1$ .
<b>xvar</b>	the independent variables, <i>X</i> , excluding the mean.
<b>yvar</b>	the dependent variable, <i>y</i> .
<b>bdvar</b>	if <b>bdvar</b> ≥ 0, <b>bdvar</b> is the index in the data that defines the binomial denominator, <i>t</i> .
<b>b</b>	the parameter estimates, $\hat{\beta}$ .

## Description

See the description for [nagdmc\\_binomial\\_reg](#).

## References and Further Reading

Cook R D and Weisberg S (1982) *Residuals and Influence in Regression* Chapman and Hall.

Cox D R (1983) *Analysis of Binary Data* Chapman and Hall

McCullagh P and Nelder J A (1983) *Generalized Linear Models* Chapman and Hall.

## See Also

<a href="#">nagdmc_binomial_reg</a>	generalized linear model with binomial errors.
<a href="#">nagdmc_extr_reg</a>	computes fitted values, residuals and leverages for a regression.
<a href="#">nagdmc_probit_reg</a>	simplified version of <b>nagdmc_binomial_reg</b> using a logit link and a restricted set of parameters.
<a href="#">nagdmc_predict_reg</a>	computes predictions given a fitted regression model.
<a href="#">probit_reg_ex.c</a>	the example calling program.

---